	4 th -8 th Sept	11 th -15 th Sept 2017	18 th -22nd Sept	25 th - 29 th Sept	2 nd - 6 th Oct	9 th - 13 th Oct	16 th - 20 th Oct 2017
	2017	Engage- Pets	2017	2017	2017	2017	Express - Nursery
	Engage -	Pets At Home Trip	Develop – Fables –	Develop -	Develop -	Innovate Stage	rhymes, poems and
	Memorable		narratives	Booklets, lists Big	Instructions At the	The local pet shop	animal expert
	experience			Cats!	Zoo	needs your help!	
Phonics	Letters and sounds	Letters and sounds Revisit phase 4	Letters and sounds	Letters and sounds	Letters and sounds Phase 5	Letters and sounds Phase 5	Letters and sounds Phase 5
	Revisit Phase 4	Spell homophones	Phase 5	Phase 5	Spell words with	Spell words with	Spell words with
	Revisit Filuse 4	Spell Homophones	Spell homophones	Spell words with	suffix -s, -es, -	prefix un.	prefix un.
			Spell homophones	suffix -s, -es, -	ing, -ed	prefix un.	prefix un.
				ing, -ed	ing, -ea		
Maths	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value	Addition and	Addition and	Addition and	Place Value
	Year 1	Year 1	Year 1	Subtraction	Subtraction	Subtraction	Year 1
	To be able to	Count, read and write	Identify and	Year 1	Year 1	Year 1	Count to twenty,
	count to and	numbers to 10 in	represent numbers	Represent and use	Read, write and	Same objectives	forwards and
	across 100,	numerals and words.	using objects and	number bonds and	interpret	from week 4 and 5.	backwards,
	forwards and	(Year 2 - at least 100)	pictorial	related	mathematical	Have a group of 10	Count in multiples of
	backwards,		representations	subtraction facts	statements involving	animals split them in	2s and 5s.
	beginning with	Year 2	including number	(within 10)	addition(+),	to two groups, write	Revisit objectives
	O, 1 or from	Recognise the place	line and use the	Add and subtract	subtraction (-) and	a calculation to show	from week 1-3.
	any given	value of each digit in a	language equal to,	one digit numbers	equals (=).	the total number of	
	number.	two digit number (tens,	more than, less	(to 10), including	Practise writing a	animals.	Year 2
	Count in	ones)	than (fewer),	zero.	calculation from the		Revisit objectives
	multiples of 2.		most, least.		information given.		from week 1-3
		<u>Year 1</u>	Given a number,	<u>Year 2</u>	Year 2	<u>Year 2</u>	
	Year 2	Go on a pet hunt, (hide	identify one more	Recall and use	Solve problems with	Recognise and use	Mental starters.
	Count in steps	pets with numbers on in	or one less.	addition and	addition and	the inverse	Compare the prices of
	of 2, 3 and 5	the classroom). Each child	<u>Year 2</u>	subtraction facts	subtraction using	relationship	the items they are
	from 0 and in	finds a pet and see if	Identify and	to 20 fluently,	concrete objects	between addition	selling in their animal
	tens from any	they can put the numbers	estimate numbers	and derive and	and pictorial	and subtraction and	gallery.
	number forwards	in order and say them.	to 100 using	use related facts	representations	use this to check	
	and backwards.	Can they match the digit	different	up to 100.	involving measures.	calculations and	
	Complete number	to the number in words?	representations	Add and subtract	Link to adding and	solve missing	
	sequences, Have		including number	two digit	taking away heights	number problems.	
	pets with	<u>Year 2</u>	line.	numbers.	of animals using		

hang was whice	nbers on aging on a shing line ich numbers missing?	Some of the pets have swallowed some 2 digit numbers, in order to get them out of the pet you need to partition them. GAP ANALYSIS Linked to constructing graphs. Look under ICT.	Compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <,> and = signs. Year 1 Compare two groups of pets and use correct language (more, less than, fewer) and write the amount of pets in each group. Year 2 Put the age of the pets (up to 100 years old) in order, use <,> and = to compare the age of the pets.	standards of measure. GAP ANALYSIS Year 1 Compare, describe and solve practical problems for length and height. Year 2 choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction (m/cm); mass (kg/g) Link to measuring the animals in the zoo.	Solve word problems linked to the animals at the zoo. GAP ANALYSIS Year 1 Sequence events in chronological order. Linked to the job as a Zoo Keeper. Order the jobs in order. Year 2 Compare and sequence intervals of time. Compare timings of two pet shops and animals feeding times.	
			SSM GAP ANALYSIS Year 1 (See Art and Design) Year 2 Compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects. Year 1 Name common 2-D Shapes, go on a			

			hunt to find 2-D				
			Shapes.				
			<u>Year 2</u>				
			Sort the shapes in				
			to 2-D and 3-D				
			shapes. Can they				
			match the 3-D				
			Shape to the right				
			2-D face?				
English	Speaking and	Recount from the school	Year 1 - Sequence	Tiger That Came	Dear Zoo	Pet Detectives	Old MacDonald
	<u>Listening</u>	trip Pets At Home?	sentences to form	For Tea	Speaking and	A local pet shop has	Speaking and
			short narratives.	Speaking and	Listening	some mysterious	Listening
	listen and	Speaking and Listening	Year 2 - Use	<u>Listening</u>	Listen to the views	creature arrived and	Work together as a
	respond	Linked to School trip.	expanded noun		and responses of	they need your help	class to learn the
	appropriately to	Llisten and respond	phrases to	Engage in	peers.	with:	nursery rhyme, Old
	adults and their	appropriately to adults	describe and	imaginative play,	Select items from a	How to look after	MacDonald Had a
	peers	and their peers	specify.	representing	bag and describe	the creature and	Farm. Suggest some
	Explanations -	-	Read the story	simple characters	them. Set out the	how to feed them.	unusual animals that
	invite children to	ask questions to extend	Rudyard Kipling's	and situations in	items on a table as	They need some 'Pet	he might have on his
	bring photos of	their understanding and	Just So story, How	everyday speech,	they are selected,	Detectives' to spend	farm. Add new sounds
	their pets. Share	knowledge.	the Leopard Got	gesture or	guessing who the	time with	or actions to match
	personal	3	His Spots.	movement.	bag might belong to	these animals to try	each animal and
	experiences and	Recount from the Visit	Retell the story as	Pretend to be	and what they do.	and find out more	practise their new
	write sentences	to Pets At Home.	a class and create a	Sophie or the tiger	·	about them.	ideas aloud.
	explaining which	10 1 013 XI 1 10III.	story map about	and recount the	Say out loud what		Children to think of
	pet is their	Writing	the story	day's events to	they are going to		different instruments
	favourite.	Willing	Year 2 create a	Daddy when he	write about.		to represent the
		4	story map but can	comes home from	Year 1 - beginning		animals.
	Compose a	Year 1: composing a	change parts of the	work. Use their	to punctuate		
	sentence orally	sentence orally before	story - use a	sequenced washing	sentences using a		Compose a sentence
	before writing	writing it.	popular domestic or	line to help them	capital letter and a		orally before writing
	it.		pet animal. Look at	retell the story.	full stop, question		it.
	Say a sentence	Show the photos from	different features.	, ,	mark or		Choose the animal
	about what you	the trip/ experience. Ask	Perhaps 'How the	Hot Seating	exclamation mark		that most interests
	like about your	the children to compose a	rabbit got long				them and write a

pet then write it	short sentence about the	ears', or 'How the	Question Sophie	Year 2 -	single-sentence verse
down.	school trip.	dog got its bark'.	about her feelings	subordination (using	about it for the
	·	Retell the class	when the Tiger	when, if, that, or	nursery rhyme. Recite
Year 2 - Use	Year 2 - planning or	story in their own	came for tea.	because) and co-	their sentence aloud
expanded noun	saying out loud what	words using simple		ordination (using or,	before writing to
phrases in their	they are going to write	sentences.	Writing	and, or but)	make sure it makes
sentence and use	about		Say out loud what	Show a video clip of	sense.
connectives.			they are going to	a day at the Zoo.	
	writing about real events		write about.	Write a list of jobs	Read the poem Please
			Year 1 - Create a	the Zoo keeper	do not feed the
	Write a recount about		list of what the	might have to do and	animals by Robert
	the trip using time		tiger might find in	explain which one	Hull. Choose an animal
	connectives and expanded		your cupboard of	would be more fun	from the poem and
	·		fridge at home.	and which one would	make a poster for
	noun phrases.			not be.	what NOT to feed it!
			Year 2 - Use	Write a set of	Download a picture of
			sentences and	instructions on How	their chosen animal,
			expanded noun	to Be A Good Zoo	then print it out and
			phrases to	Keeper.	stick it on a piece of
			describe what the		poster paper. Write
			tiger might find in		their 'Do Not'
			your cupboard or		warning underneath it.
			fridge.		Think about what
					other information
			Compose a		they can add about
			sentence orally		their animal.
			before writing it.		
			Imagine a tiger		
			came to live at		
			their house! Use a		
			variety of non-		
			fiction books to		
			find out what		
			tigers hunt and		
			eat, how they		

			behave, play and		
			move. Describe		
			how they would		
			take care of their		
			tiger. Make their		
			own 'Tiger care'		
			booklets,		
			describing the		
			most important		
			things to		
			remember when		
			looking after a		
			tiger!		
			1.901		
Guided	Listen to and	Become very familiar	Listen to and	Draw on their own	Learn to appreciate
Reading	discuss a wide	with key stories, fairy	discuss a wide	experiences,	rhymes and poems,
	range of poems,	stories and traditional	range of poems,	background	and to recite some
	stories and non-	tales, retelling them and	stories and non-	information	by heart.
	fiction at a level	considering their	fiction at a level	provided by the	Listen to and take
	beyond that at	particular	beyond that at	teacher and	part in a range of
	which they can	characteristics.	which they can	illustrations to	nursery rhymes about
	read		read	make sense of what	different types of
	independently.	Read Just So Stories	independently.	they have read.	animals. Join in with
		How the Elephant Got His	Read the story	Look at a set of	repetitive and
	Take part in the	Trunk.	The Tiger Who	instructions for	predictable phrases
	retelling of		Came For Tea.	'How to be a good	adding animal noises
	classic and	Allow children to think		zoo keeper' and talk	and actions for extra
	memorable animal	imaginatively about the	Year 1 - To	about whether they	reading fun! Practise
	stories, joining in	differences and	sequence the	think the	reading aloud clearly,
	with predictable	similarities between the	sentences and put	instructions would	confidently, and, if
	phrases and	animals.	them in order.	help them do the job	reading together, at
	anticipating what			well.	the same pace.
	happens next.		Year 2 - Talk		Highlight rhyming
	Listen to, join in		about the events		words in nursery
	with and recite		from the story and		rhymes.
L			•		Trymes.

	poems together			what you think the		
	as a whole class.			Tiger might do		
				next.		
				Identify		
				characters		
				feelings.		
Science	<u>Animals</u>	<u>Animals</u>	<u>Animals</u>	<u>Animals</u>	What kind of home	<u>Animals</u>
	Objective-	Identifying and	Perform simple	<u>Year1</u>	does the creature	
	Identify and	Classifying	tests	Draw and label	need to survive?	Identify and name a
	name a variety	<u>Year 1</u>	<u>Year 1</u>	basic parts of the	What does the	variety of common
	of common	To describe and	To describe and	human body,	creature like to eat?	animals including
	animals that are	compare the strucutre	compare the	including those		fish, amphibians,
	carnivores,	of a variety of animals.	strucutre of a	related to the		reptiles, birds and
	herbivores and	Look at some familiar	variety of animals.	senses.		mammals.
	omnivores.	animal species such as		<u>Year 2</u>		Play a game of 'I
	Assess prior	spiders or dogs. Talk	<u>Year 2</u>	describe the		know', choosing a
	learning and	about the similarities and	Identify that	importance for		picture card of an
	what they know	differences between	most living things	humans of		animal and completing
	already.	animals of the same	live in habitats to	exercise, eating		a sentence about it.
	Sort animals into	species, comparing their	which they are	the right amounts		Take turns to choose
	the right	sizes, colouring, patterns	suited.	of different types		different animals and
	catergories	and features.	https://www.youtu	of food, and		make a class list of all
	linked to what	<u>Year 2</u>	be.com/watch?v=E	hygiene		their animal facts.
	they eat.	Find out about and	<u>JGtN-igCu8</u>	Compare the basic		
	Year 2 - Sort in	describe the basic needs	Investigate	body parts that		
	to their own	of animals.	camouflage by	humans have in		
	catergory.	Group and sort the	taking part in a	common with big		
	Create a simple	animals in to own	'Butterfly hunt'.	cats, identifying		
	branching	catergories linked to	Split into two	similarities and		
	database to sort	what they need to	groups: first group	differences.		
	in to groups using	survive.	must collect one	Year 2 discuss		
	classification		'butterfly' each	differences		
	data.	<u>Linked to ICT</u>	from the school	between what we		
			forest, then second	eat and big cats		
			group do the same.			

		Gather and record data to help in answering questions. GAP ANALYSIS YEAR2 - Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts and block diagrams.	Look at the two groups of butterflies and decide how are they similar or different. Find out which group has more of the brightly coloured. Which butterflies would get eaten first?	eat to keep healthy.			
Arts and Design	To use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Create a picture of their favourite pet from memory using a range of materials and adding extra detail.	To learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. Look at and talk about a collection of paintings, drawings and sculptures of different types of familiar animals. Talk about what they can see in the art work, including describing how they think it was made. Take part in imaginative talk, giving the animal a name	Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. Provide children with a range of images for inspiration. Encourage children to talk about patterns they can see using vocabulary such as spotty, spotted, speckled, scaly, stripy, stripes,	Apply paint using a range of tools (e.g. large brushes, hands, feet, rollers and pads). Make large-scale paintings and collages of various big cats on thick card to hide outdoors in trees, behind bushes and other interesting locations. Make giant big cat paw prints using paint-dipped sponges or large brushes and lay a mystery trail!	Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria. Work in small groups to design and make an enclosure for a particular zoo animal. Start by considering how it moves, how big it is, and all that it needs. Make their enclosures using junk items, adding texture, colours and special features.	Create a habitat that will help the creature feel more eat home. Create a pet tag for the creature. Make a 3D model of the creature.	of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space. Create an 'Animal gallery' displaying their creative work from throughout the project. Invite parents and carers to the gallery and act as guides, explaining the ideas and techniques used. Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas,

R.E.		and creating a story about them.	dots, dotty and patchy. Use a range of print-making and collage materials to make patterns based on the natural markings of a range of animal skins and furs. Use layering, tearing, cutting, rolling, printing and gluing techniques to make their collages and prints. GAP ANALYSIS Recognise and name common 2-D Shapes (rectangles, squares and circles). Link to patterns on animals.	Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination. Make 3-D sculptures of big cats using clay, recycled materials or modroc. Use cutting, sticking, rolling, shaping, twisting and joining skills to create a unique sculpture.	Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. Make masks of different zoo animals using different mask 'formers'. Wear their masks in zoo role play, dance or movement activities.		experiences and imagination. Paint a picture of their favourite animal, adding details such as fur, feathers, paws, claws, scales or whiskers. Use drawing materials to add finer textural details when the paint is dry. Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products. Suggest animal-related items to make and sell to gallery visitors (they might create animal badges, calendars, homemade pom-pom creatures or sock puppets). Work with Reception to create things for the animal gallery. LINKED TO MATHS, allow children to work out the costing out and pricing the items making price tags.
14.6.	PPA to cover	PPA to cover	PPA to cover	PPA to cover	PPA to cover	PPA to cover	PPA to cover

History/		Use world maps,	Use aerial	Where does the
Geography		atlases and globes	photographs and	creature come from
		to identify the UK	plan perspectives to	and what climates
		and its countries,	recognise landmarks	does it live in?
		as well as the	and basic human	
		countries,	and physical	
		continents and	features; devise a	
		oceans	simple map; and use	
		Year1 - Name at	and construct basic	
		least two	symbols in a key	
		countries in the	Design their own zoo	
		UK and one	or wildlife park!	
		continent.	Make a simple map	
		Year 2 - Name at	or plan of their park	
		least two	or zoo showing which	
		continents and one	animals they would	
		ocean.	keep and the type of	
		Look at big cat	enclosures they	
		habitats around	would need. Design a	
		the world, locate	simple key to	
		them on a world	identify these	
		map or globe.	features.	
		Watch footage of		
		big cats in the wild	Use world maps,	
		and talk about the	atlases and globes	
		kind of places they	to identify the UK	
		inhabit. Think	and its countries,	
		about the	as well as the	
		landscapes, climate	countries,	
		and vegetation	continents and	
		they like and how	oceans	
		these help them to	Look at maps and	
		survive.	globes to find out	
			where in the world	
			different zoo	

PSHE	Caring for animals Talk about how they care for their pets at home. How do we care about each other too? Agree and follow rules for their group and classroom and understand how rules help them. Take and share responsibility - Link to class pet.	Caring for animals Learning experience at Pets At Home. Think about themselves, learn from their experiences and recognise what they are good at.	Caring for animals Finish their Just So stories and read them to a partner or small group. Make a poster to show how to care for their fantasy animal, explaining what it eats, where it likes to sleep, how to exercise it and how to keep it clean and safe.	Caring for animals How can we help care for wild big cats. Know the names of the main parts of the body. Make real choices between healthy options in school meals.	animals originate. Include animals such as elephants, lions, crocodiles, giraffes, hippopotamuses and monkeys. Recognise choices they can make, and recognise the difference between right and wrong. Recognise how their behaviour affects other people.	Caring for animals How to look after the new creature. Identify and respect the differences and similarities between people.	Realise that money comes from different sources and can be used for different purposes. Link to the children organising the animal gallery and why they are raising money.
Music		To recognise different sources of sounds.	To explore different sound sources.	To explore different instruments	Animal songs Play tuned and untuned instruments	Animal songs Play tuned and untuned instruments	Animal songs Play tuned and untuned instruments
		Listen to a range of animal sounds and see if	Use hands feet	Place a range of instruments in the	musically. Perform animal	musically. Perform animal	musically.
		they can recognise what	mouth to explore different ways to	middle of the	songs and rhymes to	songs and rhymes to	Perform animal songs and rhymes to an
		animal is making the	create different	circle. Does anyone	an audience. Use	an audience. Use	and rnymes to an audience. Use
		sound.	sounds for	recognise any and	percussion and	percussion and	percussion and voices
		Sound,	different animals.	know what kind of	voices to add extra	voices to add extra	to add extra colour
			anger on unimus.	sound it makes?	colour and	colour and	and excitement!

P.E.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animal-like movements at rest and on the move by curling,	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animal-like movements at rest and on the move by curling, stretching, climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animal-like movements at rest and on the move by curling, stretching, climbing jumping	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animal-like movements at rest and on the move by curling, stretching,	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animal-like movements at rest and on the move by curling, stretching, climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animal-like movements at rest and on the move by curling, stretching, climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling.	Perform dances using simple movement patterns. Think about the ways that familiar animals move and explore them through movement and dance. Have fun with animallike movements at rest and on the move by curling, stretching, climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling.
		butaneing and ronnig.	curling, stretching, climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling.		climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling.	climbing, jumping, balancing and rolling.	

Half Termly Planning Objectives KS1 (SM)

ICT	Linked to Science	Use ICT to create	Use technology	_
	Work Scientifically	booklet about	purposefully to	
	Gather and record data	Tigers.	create, organise,	
	to help in answering		store, manipulate	
	questions.		and retrieve digital	
	Investigate variation		content.	
	amongst classmates.		Use computers and	
	Explore the basic parts		other technologies	
	of the human body and		to find images of a	
	how they vary from		range of zoo animals.	
	person to person. Think		Cut and paste their	
	about the features		chosen pictures into	
	common to everyone and		appropriate	
	how they vary (for		software for	
	example, all children have		presentation to	
	hair growing on their		others.	
	heads but the hair might			
	be curly, straight, blonde,			
	brown, black or red).			
	Discuss which features			
	we can choose to change.			
	Create a simple bar chart			
	using ICT program.			
Other				
activities				

This planning may change due to the children's interests, learning needs and creative partnership workshops.